Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2009

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	All Selected Parts	5,600	21.1	10	4.2
private industry	1 Neck- Including Throat	80	0.3	9	21.1
private industry	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	80	0.3	9	21.1
private industry	2 Trunk	4,140	15.6	7	4.4
private industry	20 Trunk- unspecified	20	0.1	8	43.9
private industry	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	640	2.4	15	7.9
private industry	22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	20	0.1	4	36.7
private industry	220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	20	0.1	4	36.7
private industry	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	3,080	11.6	6	4.7
private industry	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	1,230	4.6	4	6.2
private industry	231 Lumbar region	1,630	6.2	9	5.6
private industry	232 Thoracic region	110	0.4	17	17.8
private industry	238 Multiple back regions	80	0.3	7	20.1
private industry	24 Abdomen	260	1.0	17	11.7
private industry	240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	70	0.3	10	21.3
private industry	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	90	0.3	11	19.4
private industry	245 Intestines- peritoneum	80	0.3	42	20.0
private industry	2459 Intestines- n.e.c.	70	0.3	50	21.4
private industry	25 Pelvic region	90	0.4	10	18.9
private industry	251 Hip(s)	40	0.2	180	28.5
private industry	254 Groin	50	0.2	3	25.0
private industry	28 Multiple trunk locations	30	0.1	2	34.7
private industry	3 Upper extremities	790	3.0	32	7.3
private industry	31 Arm(s)	220	0.8	20	12.7
private industry	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	80	0.3	20	20.3
private industry	311 Upper arm(s)	40	0.1	39	29.8
private industry	312 Elbow(s)	40	0.2	110	28.3
private industry	313 Forearm(s)	50	0.2	1	25.8
private industry	32 Wrist(s)	500	1.9	65	8.8
private industry	33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	20	0.1	30	39.2
private industry	34 Finger(s)- fingernail(s)	30	0.1	2	32.7
private industry	38 Multiple upper extremities locations	20	0.1	10	38.6
private industry	4 Lower extremities	360	1.3	17	10.2
private industry	41 Leg(s)	270	1.0	17	11.4
private industry	410 Leg(s)- unspecified	80	0.3	17	20.1
private industry	412 Knee(s)	160	0.6	25	14.8
private industry	413 Lower leg(s)	20	0.1	20	45.0
private industry	43 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)	20	0.1	9	41.4
private industry	430 Foot(feet)- except toe(s)- unspecified	20	0.1	9	42.7
private industry	48 Multiple lower extremities locations	50	0.2	34	25.3

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2009

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
and the desired	O Malifela Parka Parka	400	0.7	•	40.4
private industry	8 Multiple Body Parts	190	0.7	6	13.4
private industry	9999 Nonclassifiable	40	0.2	1	27.8
local government	All Selected Parts	800	21.6	8	6.7
local government	2 Trunk	660	17.8	7	7.2
local government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	80	2.1	16	18.5
local government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	510	13.7	6	8.0
local government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	160	4.4	3	13.1
local government	231 Lumbar region	320	8.6	7	9.7
local government	232 Thoracic region	20	0.4	7	41.1
local government	24 Abdomen	50	1.2	33	24.2
local government	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	30	0.8	63	30.5
local government	25 Pelvic region	20	0.5	10	38.5
local government	3 Upper extremities	80	2.2	11	18.3
local government	31 Arm(s)	30	0.7	4	30.8
local government	32 Wrist(s)	40	1.1	11	25.6
local government	4 Lower extremities	30	0.7	19	31.6
local government	41 Leg(s)	20	0.6	20	33.1
local government	412 Knee(s)	20	0.5	44	38.6
local government	8 Multiple Body Parts	30	0.7	16	31.3

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2009

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
state government	All Selected Parts	270	17.3	4	14.9
state government	2 Trunk	200	12.9	7	17.4
state government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	40	2.5	3	40.0
state government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	110	7.3	7	23.4
state government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	70	4.8	7	29.0
state government	231 Lumbar region	20	1.6	13	50.1
state government	25 Pelvic region	20	1.3	3	55.7
state government	251 Hip(s)	20	1.0	3	63.3
state government	28 Multiple trunk locations	20	1.4	3	53.2
state government	3 Upper extremities	50	3.2	4	35.4
state government	31 Arm(s)	30	2.2	4	43.4
state government	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	20	1.2	4	58.7
state government	33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	20	1.0	4	64.0

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, February 25, 2011

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

^a Days away from work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.